

Appendix A

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Loudspeaker Dimensions

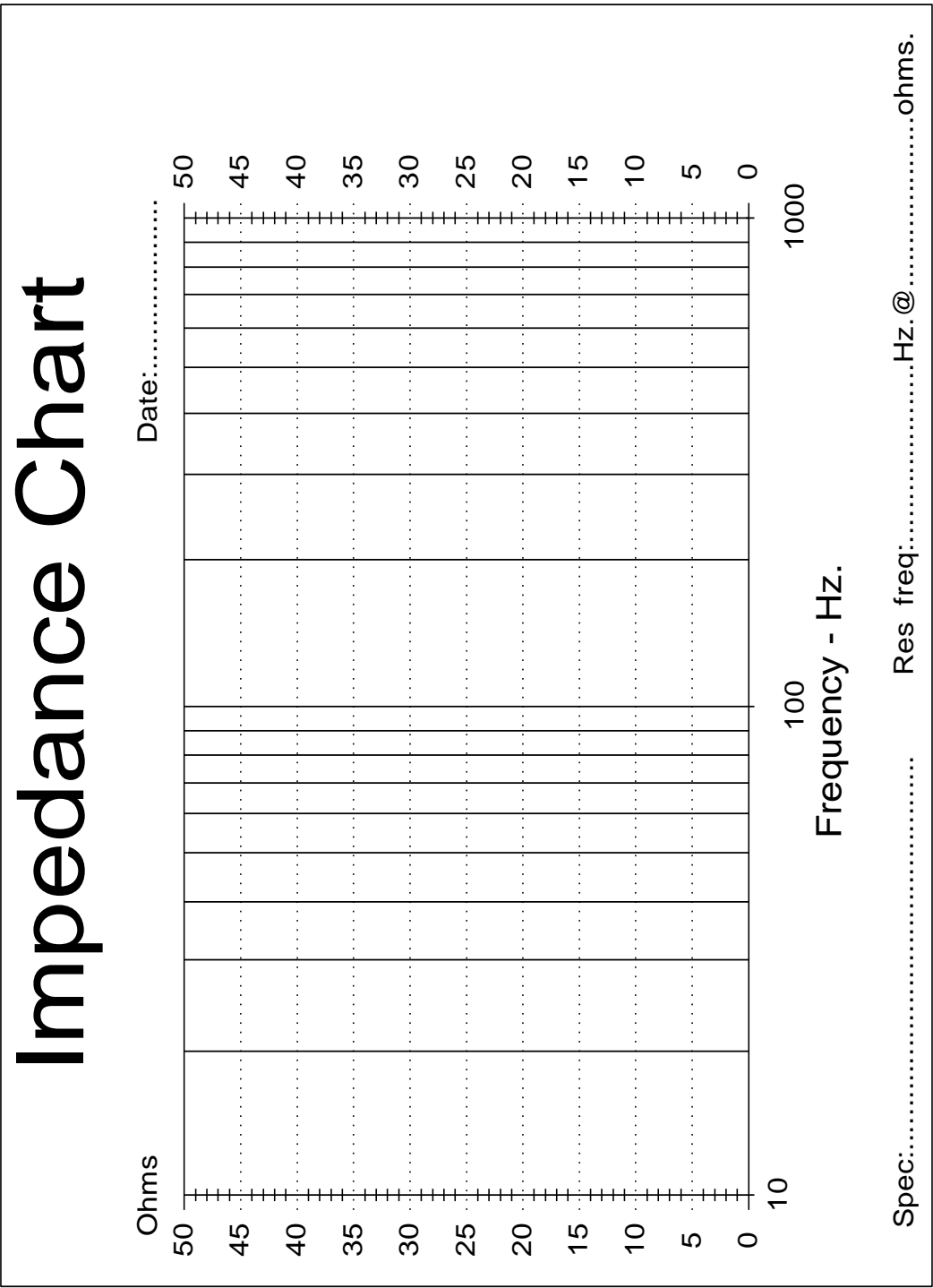
Woofer		
Outside diameter	W_{diam}mm.
Woofer radius	R_wmm.
Magnet radius	r_w	.....mm.
Woofer height	H_w	.....mm.
Cone depth	W_{cone}}	.....mm.
Flange thickness	W_{flange}}	.....mm.
Flange width	W_{rebate}}	.....mm.
Cut-out diameter	W_{hole}}	.....mm.
Mounting screws		M.....
Tweeter		
Outside diameter	T_{diam}}	.....mm.
Magnet radius	R_t	.....mm.
Cone depth	T_{cone}}	.....mm.
Flange thickness	T_{flange}}	.....mm.
Flange width	T_{rebate}}	.....mm.
Cut-out diameter	T_{hole}}	.....mm.
Mounting screws		M.....

FREQUENCY Hz.	V _S mvolts.	V _R volts.	IMPEDANCE Ohms.
10			
15			
20			
25			
30			
35			
40			
50			
60			
70			
80			
90			
100			
200			
300			
400			
500			
600			
700			
800			
900			
1000			
Resonant Frequency - F _s			

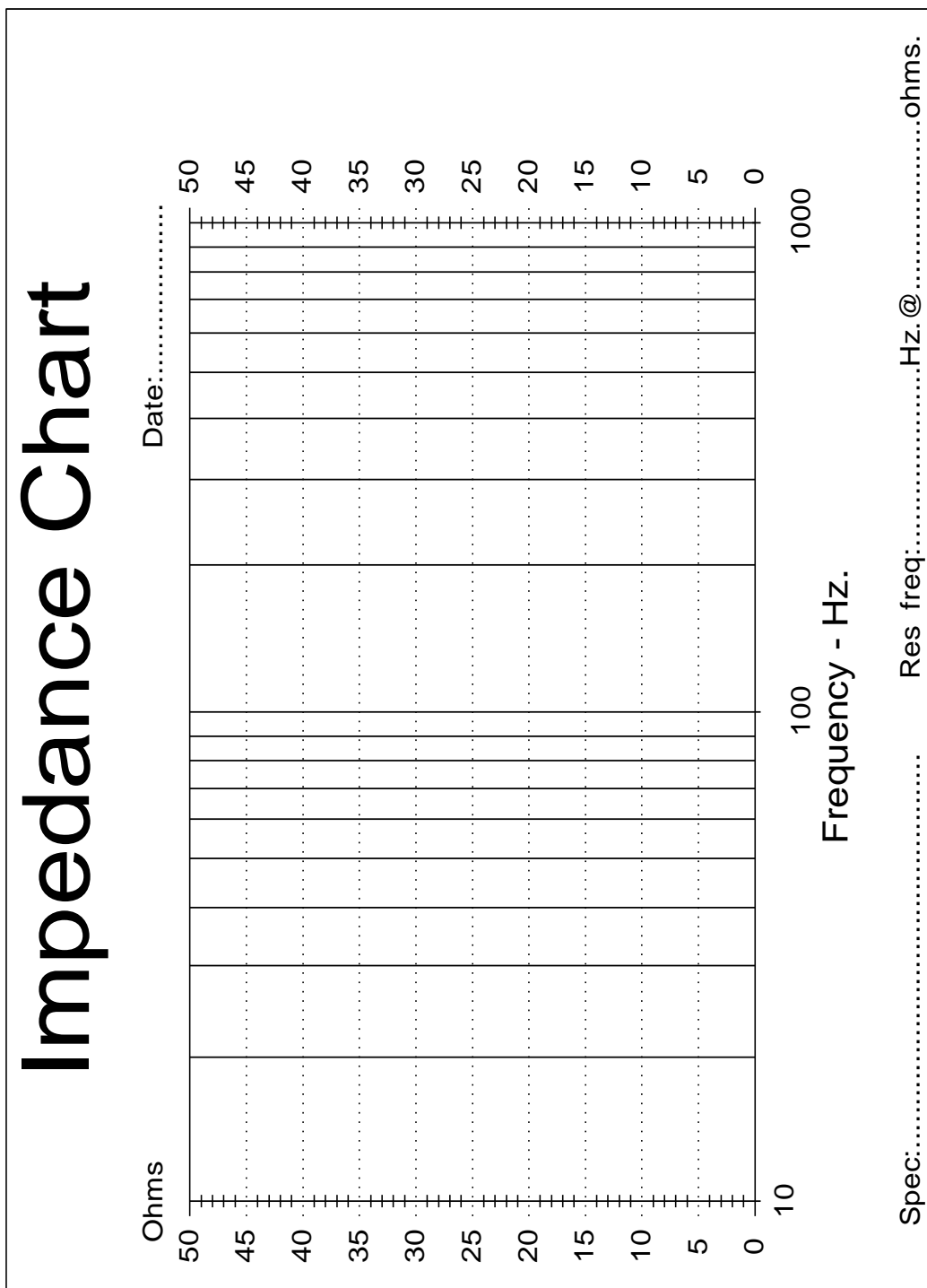
Woofer Impedance Data Chart. (Left hand)

FREQUENCY Hz.	V _S mvolts.	V _R volts.	IMPEDANCE Ohms.
10			
15			
20			
25			
30			
35			
40			
50			
60			
70			
80			
90			
100			
200			
300			
400			
500			
600			
700			
800			
900			
1000			
Resonant Frequency - F _s			

Woofer Impedance Data Chart. (Right hand)



Woofer Impedance Curve Chart. (Left hand)



Woofer Impedance Curve Chart. (Right hand)

TYPE : P/N : DATE :		
	LEFT HAND	RIGHT HAND
Woofer parameters : <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> Crossover point: Hz. </div> $Z_{fs} = \frac{V_s}{V_r} \frac{mV}{V}$ $Z_{f3} = .707 \times Z_{fs}$ $F_1 \text{ \& } F_2 \text{ is the frequency of } Z_{f3} \text{ above \& below } F_s.$	R_e Ohms. F_s Hz. Z_{fs} Ohms. Z_{f3} Ohms. F_1 Hz. F_2 Hz. F_3 Hz. F_4 Hz. Q_{ts} = $Z_{fs} = \dots\dots\dots \text{Ohms.}$ $Z_{f3} = .707 \times \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$	$\dots\dots\dots$ Ohms. $\dots\dots\dots$ HZ. $\dots\dots\dots$ Ohms. $\dots\dots\dots$ Ohms. $\dots\dots\dots$ Hz. $\dots\dots\dots$ Hz. $\dots\dots\dots$ Hz. $\dots\dots\dots$ Hz. $\dots\dots\dots$ = $Z_{fs} = \dots\dots\dots \text{Ohms.}$ $Z_{f3} = .707 \times \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$
Speaker Q: $ro = \frac{Z_{fs}}{R_e}$ $R_{ref} = \sqrt{ro} \times R_e \Omega$ for recording F3 & F4. $Q_{ts} = \frac{F_s}{F_3 - F_4} \times \frac{R_e}{Z_{fs}} \times \sqrt{ro}$	$ro = \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots$ $\dots\dots\dots$ $= \sqrt{\dots\dots\dots} \times \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$ $Q_{ts} = \dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots \times \sqrt{\dots\dots\dots}$ $\dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots$ $Q_{ts} = \dots\dots\dots$	$ro = \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots$ $\dots\dots\dots$ $= \sqrt{\dots\dots\dots} \times \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$ $Q_{ts} = \dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots \times \sqrt{\dots\dots\dots}$ $\dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots$ $Q_{ts} = \dots\dots\dots$
Check F_s : ($\pm 1\%$) $F_s = \sqrt{F_1 * F_2} \text{ Hz}$	$\sqrt{\dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots} = \dots\dots\dots \text{Hz}$	$\sqrt{\dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots} = \dots\dots\dots \text{Hz}$
Max Output. $SPL = 10 \log(P) + S$ $P = \text{rms watts.}$ $s = \text{sensitivity. dB @ 1m/1w}$	$= 10 \log \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots$ $= \dots\dots\dots \text{ dB SPL.}$	$= 10 \log \dots\dots\dots + \dots\dots\dots$ $= \dots\dots\dots \text{ dB SPL.}$
Calculate F_5: $L_{ref} = R_e \times \sqrt{2}$ Find L_{ref} above F_s and record F_5 . (300-1000 Hz.)	$= \dots\dots\dots \times \sqrt{2} = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$ $F_5 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Hz.}$	$= \dots\dots\dots \times \sqrt{2} = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$ $F_5 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ Hz.}$

Woofer Crossover Calculation Chart - Zobel/Butterworth.Zobel Network:

Date:

$$R_5 = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$$

$$C_9 = \dots\dots\dots \mu F$$

$$R_e = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$$

$$F_5 = \dots\dots\dots \text{Hz.}$$

$$L_e = \dots\dots\dots \text{mH.}$$

$$L_e = \frac{R_e}{2 \times \pi \times F_5} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{2 \times \pi \times \dots\dots\dots} \times 10^3 = \dots\dots\dots \text{mH}$$

$$C_9 = \frac{L_e}{R_e^2} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{(\dots\dots\dots)^2} \times 10^3 = \dots\dots\dots \mu F$$

$$R_5 = R_e @ 5\text{watt} = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$$

Crossover Network:Crossover point: $F_{10} = \dots\dots\dots \text{Hz.}$

$$L_4 = \dots\dots\dots \text{mH}$$

$$C_4 = \dots\dots\dots \mu F$$

$$\text{Frequency factor } \omega_{10} = 2 \times \pi \times \sqrt[4]{3} \times F_{10} = 4.78 \times \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\chi = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0.707$$

$$C_4 = \frac{\chi}{R_e \times \omega_{10}} = \frac{0.707}{\dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots} \times 10^6 = \dots\dots\dots \mu F$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{2} = 1.414$$

$$L_4 = \frac{\lambda \times R_e}{\omega_{10}} = \frac{1.414 \times \dots\dots\dots}{\dots\dots\dots} \times 10^3 = \dots\dots\dots \text{mH}$$

TYPE : P/N : DATE :		
	LEFT HAND	RIGHT HAND
<p><u>Tweeter parameters :</u></p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <p>Crossover point: .....Hz.</p> </div> <p>R_e Ohms. F_s Hz. Z_{fs} Ohms.</p> <p>..... = Ohms.</p> <p>$Z_{fs} = \frac{V_s}{V_r} \frac{mV}{V}$</p>	<p>..... Ohms. Hz. Ohms.</p> <p>..... = Ohms.</p>	<p>..... Ohms. Hz. Ohms.</p> <p>..... = Ohms.</p>
<p><u>Zobel Parameters :</u></p> <p>Calculate: $r_o = \frac{Z_{fs}}{R_e}$</p> <p>Reference impedance :</p> <p>$R_{ref} = R_e \times \sqrt{r_o}$</p> <p>Record F_3 and F_4 where R_{ref} is above & below Z_{fs}.</p>	<p>$r_o = \text{.....} = \text{.....}$ $R_{ref} = \text{.....} \times \sqrt{\text{.....}} = \text{.....}$ $R_{ref} = \text{.....} \Omega$ $F_3 = \text{.....} \text{ Hz.}$ $F_4 = \text{.....} \text{ Hz.}$</p>	<p>$r_o = \text{.....} = \text{.....}$ $R_{ref} = \text{.....} \times \sqrt{\text{.....}} = \text{.....}$ $R_{ref} = \text{.....} \Omega$ $F_3 = \text{.....} \text{ Hz.}$ $F_4 = \text{.....} \text{ Hz.}$</p>
<p>Check F_s : ($\pm 1\%$)</p> <p>$F_s = \sqrt{F_3 \times F_4} \text{ Hz}$</p>	<p>$\sqrt{\text{.....} \times \text{.....}} = \text{.....} \text{ Hz}$</p>	<p>$\sqrt{\text{.....} \times \text{.....}} = \text{.....} \text{ Hz}$</p>
<p>Calculate $L_{ref} = R_e \times \sqrt{2}$</p> <p>Find L_{ref} above F_s and record F_5. (300-1000 Hz.)</p>	<p>$= \text{.....} \times \sqrt{2} = \text{.....} \Omega$ $F_5 = \text{.....} \text{ Hz.}$</p>	<p>$= \text{.....} \times \sqrt{2} = \text{.....} \Omega$ $F_5 = \text{.....} \text{ Hz.}$</p>

Tweeter Zobel Calculation Chart - Zobel/Butterworth.

Zobel Network:

$$R_e = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$$

$$F_s = \dots\dots\dots \text{Hz.}$$

$$Z_{fs} = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$$

$$L_e = \dots\dots\dots \text{mH.}$$

$$Q_{ms} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$Q_{es} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$r_o = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$C_5 = \dots\dots\dots \mu\text{F}$$

$$C_6 = \dots\dots\dots \mu\text{F}$$

$$R_1 = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$$

$$R_2 = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$$

$$L_5 = \dots\dots\dots \text{mH}$$

Calculate:

$$F_3: \dots\dots\dots$$

$$F_4: \dots\dots\dots \text{ (From Speaker Data chart.)}$$

$$Q_{ms} = \frac{F_s \times \sqrt{r_o}}{(F_3 - F_4)} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots \times \sqrt{\dots\dots\dots}}{\dots\dots\dots} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$Q_{es} = \frac{Q_{ms}}{(r_o - 1)} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{(\dots\dots\dots - 1)} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$R_{es} = \frac{Q_{ms} \times R_e}{Q_{es}} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots}{\dots\dots\dots} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$\text{Check: } R_{es} = Z_{fs} - R_e = \dots\dots\dots - \dots\dots\dots = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$L_{ces} = \frac{R_{es}}{2 \times \pi \times F_s \times Q_{ms}} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{2 \times \pi \times \dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$C_{mes} = \frac{Q_{ms}}{2 \times \pi \times F_s \times R_{es}} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{2 \times \pi \times \dots\dots\dots \times \dots\dots\dots} = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$F_5 = \dots\dots\dots \text{Hz} \quad \text{ (From Speaker Data chart.)}$$

$$L_e = \frac{R_e}{2 \times \pi \times F_5} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{2 \times \pi \times \dots\dots\dots} \times 10^3 = \dots\dots\dots \text{mH}$$

$$C_5 = \frac{L_e}{R_e^2} = \frac{\dots\dots\dots}{(\dots\dots\dots)^2} \times 10^3 = \dots\dots\dots \mu\text{F}$$

Tweeter cont.

$$L_5 = C_{mes} \times R_e^2 = \dots \times (\dots)^2 \times 10^3 = \dots \text{mH}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{R_e^2}{R_{es}} = \frac{(\dots)^2}{\dots} = \dots \Omega$$

$$C_6 = \frac{L_{ces}}{R_e^2} = \frac{\dots}{(\dots)^2} \times 10^6 = \dots \mu\text{F}$$

$$R_1 = R_e = \dots \Omega$$

Crossover Network:

Crossover point : F_{hi} Hz

$$C_1 = \dots \mu\text{F}$$

$$L_1 = \dots \text{mH.}$$

$$\text{Frequency factor } \omega_{hi} = \frac{2 \times \pi \times F_{hi}}{\sqrt[4]{3}} = ..8.27.. \times \dots = \dots$$

$$\chi = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0.707$$

$$C_1 = \frac{\chi}{R_e \times \omega_{hi}} = \frac{0.707}{\dots \times \dots} \times 10^6 = \dots \mu\text{F}$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{2} = 1.414$$

$$L_1 = \frac{\lambda \times R_e}{\omega_{hi}} = \frac{1.414 \times \dots}{\dots} \times 10^3 = \dots \text{mH}$$

Crossover Parts List.

+ = series connection. * = parallel connection.

Tweeter: crossover point =Hz.

C1 = μ F =@.....V@.....V

C5 = μ F =@.....V@.....V

C6 = μ F =@.....V@.....V

R1 = Ω =

R2 = Ω =

L1 =mH

L5 =mH

Woofer: crossover point =Hz.

C4 = μ F =@.....V@.....V

C9 = μ F =@.....V@.....V

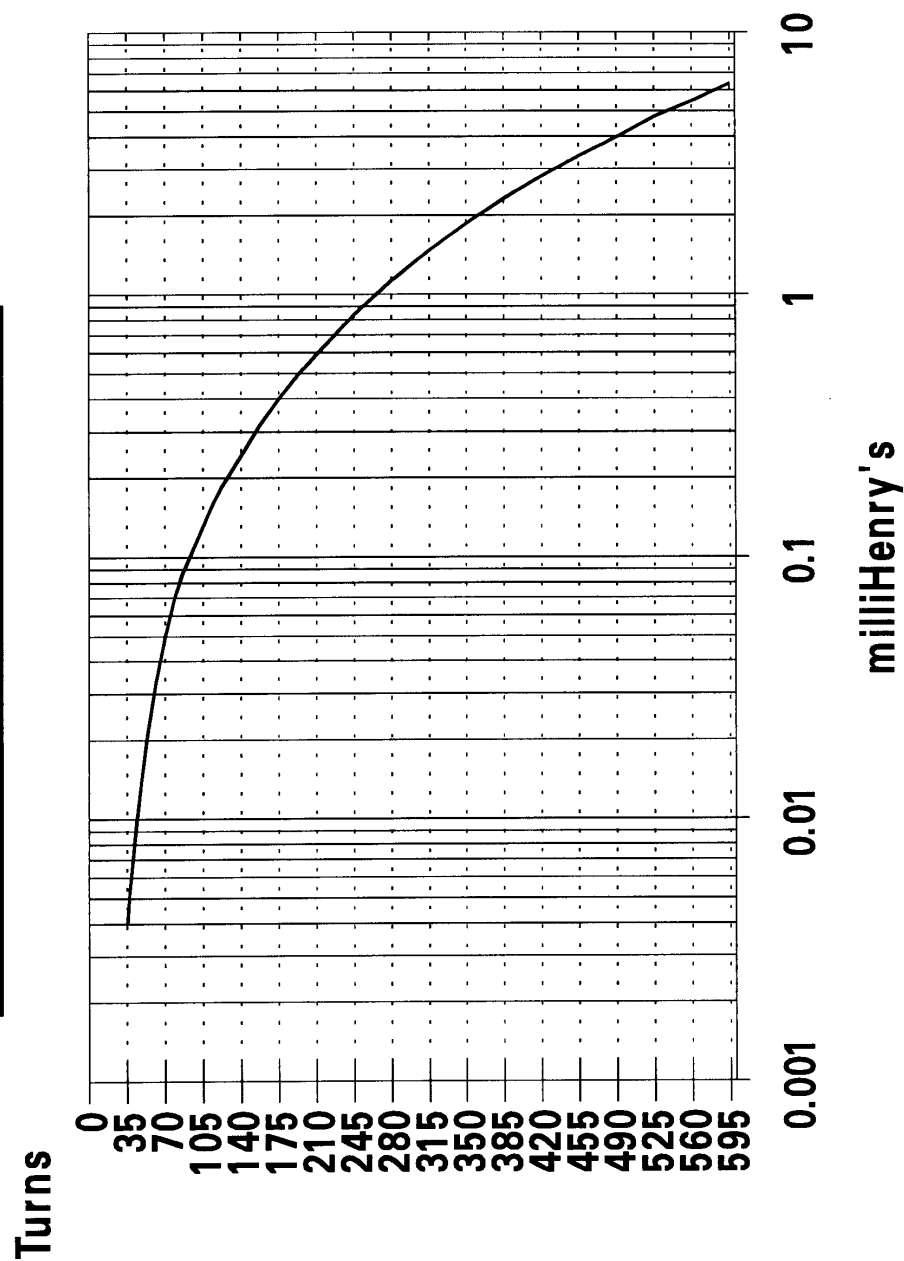
L4 =mH

R5 = Ω =

Note: Use higher voltage caps on parallel connection.

Crossover Parts List.

Inductance Chart.



1mm enamelled copper wire.
38mm wide bobbin.(see fig 21)

Crossover network

Zobel network

